

Operating Instructions



Compressed Air Foam Devices

MicroCAFS_{PBK®} MC6SP10 MicroCAFS_{PBK®} MC6SP9/12 MicroCAFS_{PBK®} MC6SP50 T MicroCAFS_{PBK®} MC6SP50 S

The operation Instructions must be read and understood in their entirety before initial operation.

Updated: 11/02/2019 Subject to change without notice!



Technical Specifications MC6SP10:

Extinguishing capacity: 10.4 litres

Compressed air cylinder: 2 litres at 300 bar

Operating pressure: approx. 7.5 bar

Hose length: 2 metres

Weight: approx. 22.5 kg

Foam agent: details on page 8

Throwing range: up to approx. 11.5 m (wet)

max. ballistic trajectory

Temperature range: min. + 0°C to max. + 60°C

Working time

in continuous operation

Wet foam: approx. 55 seconds

Flow rate approx. 11 l/min water

Dry foam: approx. 115 seconds

Flow rate approx. 5.4 l/min water

Terminology: "wet" means high density

"dry" means lower density

Rating according to EN3: 21A, 233 B (at 9 litres standard charge,

setting "wet")

Regulated according to the EN3 and the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU.

The device is a special extinguishing device and does not conform to certain requirements of the EN3. The device is not a portable fire extinguisher as defined in EN3.

The device is a pressure device according to the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU and carries the CE-code CE0029.



Technical Specifications MC6SP9/12:

Extinguishing capacity: 9 litres standard /12 litres total

approx. 12.5 litres total cylinder capacity

Compressed air cylinder: 2 litres at 200 bar

Operating pressure: approx. 6 bar

Hose length: 2 metres

Weight: approx. 22.3 kg at 9 litres charge

Foam agent at 9 litres: details on page 8

Throwing range: up to approx. 10 m (wet)

max. ballistic trajectory

Temperature range: min. + 0°C to max. + 60°C

Working time

in continuous operation

Wet foam: approx. 59 seconds at 9 litres charge

approx. 75 seconds at 12 litres charge

Flow rate approx. 9.2 I/min water

Dry foam: approx. 139 seconds at 9 litres charge

Approx. 185 seconds at 12 litres charge

Flow rate approx. 3.9 I/min water

Terminology: "wet" means high density

"dry" means lower density

Rating according to EN3: 21A, 233 B (at 9 litres standard charge,

setting "wet")

Regulated according to the EN3 and the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU.

The device is a special extinguishing device and does not conform to certain requirements of the EN3. The device is not a portable fire extinguisher as defined in EN3.

The device is a pressure device according to the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU and carries the CE-code CE0029.



Technical Specifications MC6SP50 T:

Extinguishing capacity: 50 litres *

Compressed air cylinder: 6 litres at 300 bar

Operating pressure: approx. 7.5 bar

Hose length: 10 m ½" hose of good dimensional stability

Weight: approx. 95 kg at 50 litres charge

Foam agent at 50 litres: details on page 8

Throwing range: up to approx. 13 m (wet)

max. ballistic trajectory

Temperature range: min. + 0°C to max. + 50°C

Working time

in continuous operation

Wet foam: approx. 168 seconds

Flow rate approx. 18 I/min water

Dry foam: approx. 420 seconds

Flow rate approx. 7.1 l/min water

Terminology: "wet" means high density

"dry" means lower density

The device is a pressure device according to the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU and carries the CE-code CE0029.

The pressure equipment is not approved as fire equipment according to EN1866.

* Exact vessel capacity can be little less than 50 litres, e. g. approx. 47.5 litres, so the nominal filling volume in this case is 45 litres similar to EN 1866 instead of 50 litres. However, vessels may be filled completely without any air reservoir, so that in consideration of allowed undershooting of 5% the nominal capacity of 50 litres is achieved anyway.



Technical Specifications MC6SP50 S:

Extinguishing capacity: 50 litres *

Compressed air cylinder: 6 litres at 300 bar

Operating pressure: approx. 7.5 bar

Hose length: 15 m hose with coupling D

Weight: approx. 100 kg at 50 litres charge

Foam agent at 50 litres: details on page 8

Throwing range: up to approx. 15 m (wet)

max. ballistic trajectory

Temperature range: min. + 0°C to max. + 50°C

Working time

in continuous operation

Wet foam: approx. 130 seconds

Flow rate approx. 23 l/min water

Dry foam: approx. 390 seconds

Flow rate approx. 7.7 I/min water

Terminology: "wet" means high density

"dry" means lower density

The device is a pressure device according to the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU and carries the CE-code CE0029.

The pressure equipment is not approved as fire equipment according to EN1866.

* Exact vessel capacity can be little less than 50 litres, e. g. approx. 47.5 litres, so the nominal filling volume in this case is 45 litres similar to EN 1866 instead of 50 litres. However, vessels may be filled completely without any air reservoir, so that in consideration of allowed undershooting of 5% the nominal capacity of 50 litres is achieved anyway.



Safety Instructions:

Observe the following instructions so as to protect yourself and others form harm and the device and environment from damage:

- The operator is obliged to follow existing relevant national regulations by performing inspections before initial operation and subsequent repeated inspections with respect to the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EG.
- Only instructed people may use and charge the compressed air foam device.
- Only authorised people in a permitted range may carry out maintenance or repair.
- Only original spare parts may be used.
- The extinguishing agent jet may not be directed towards the respiratory organs, eyes or ears of people or animals.
- Oberserve the manufacturer's safety instructions for the additive added to water.
- The device may only be opened when the pressure in the extinguishing agent vessel has been completely released using the discharge nozzle.
- The device may not be operated if it shows any visible signs of damage.
- Only the manufacturer or personnel authorized by the manufacturer may perform work on the pressure reducer.
 Otherwise the manufacturer does not accept any liability or responsibility.
- Electric live equipment is to be disconnected before work starts.
- The device may not be subjected to temperatures above or below the specified temperatures.
- Always ensure that both the M74x2 screw connection on the extinguishing agent vessel and the high-pressure connection with the knurling screw on the high-pressure valve are carried out correctly, and that the associated seals are in place.
- Only authorised personnel may charge the compressed air cylinder only with breathing air. Avoid inner pollution of the cylinder with other substances. Always guarantee that the compressed air cylinder is adequately secured, e. g. against falling over.
- After finishing the extinguishing process or having exhausted the content of liquid close the air pressure valve by turning the hand wheel immediately.
 Take care that the valve is closed before any further handling procedures.
- This manual is a vital component of the device. The owner of the device is responsible for handing out the manual in case of purchase to the next owner. Take care to provide a present manual.
- For present information concerning the product look at www.microcafs.com



General Tactical Instructions:

- Generally speaking, successful extinguishing by sweeping with the jet pipe requires foam to be discharged across the largest area possible in the shortest time. Approaching the fire in an aggressive manner, with adequate personal protection, is successful for small and forming fires.
- When fighting fires of flammable solid materials, the initial "wet" setting is to be kept until flame formation and heat radiation have visibly/Perceptibly reduced. Damping-down operations can then be carried out with the "dry" setting. The guard tube of the extinguishing agent discharge nozzle can be inserted in hollow spaces of the debris to foam the pockets of embers.
- In the case of flammable liquids, the energy of the compressed air foam jet is
 to be reduced on suitable reflecting surfaces. This permits the necessary
 unpressurised depositing of compressed air foam onto the liquid's surface. If
 heat radiation allows a short distance, the "dry" setting can be used.
- As one of the uses of the device is damping-down operation, during which the foam can also be used in the debris for example to fill up hollow spaces, ensure that any electric live equipment that may be come into contact with is disconnected before work starts, as is customary in damping-down operations.
- Operating personnel must be trained and familiarised with the device before using it. In order to operate the device, sufficient experience is required.



General Technical Instructions:

For smooth operation of the device, the following points should be observed:

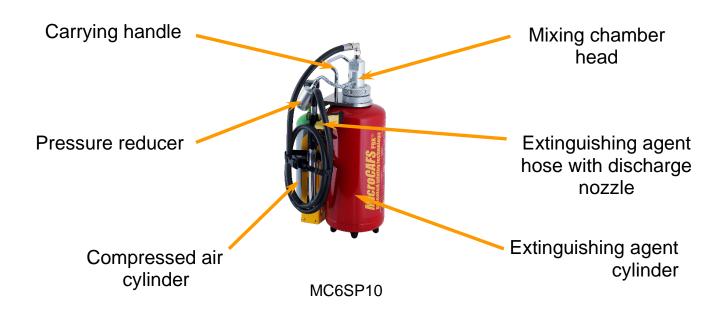
- The device functions with all commercially available foam agents in the concentrations specified by the manufacturer. Please not that the foam agent must be storable in the pre-mixed state with water.
- Depending on the additive used, it is recommended cleaning the device by rising with warm water.
- The mixture ratio prescribed by the foam agent manufacturer is to be observed, particularly when the device is overcharged. Overcharging is not critical.
- From our experience, it is recommended adding the foam agent after approx.
 two thirds charging with water in order to achieve a more thorough mixing.
- The device should not be exposed to an aggressively salty environment for an extended period of time because the foam selector can become fixed in such impurities. The selector should be cleaned regularly and when exposed to such impurities according to the operating instructions.
- Operating readiness should be checked regularly.

Important! For care and maintenance use only lubricants which are approved by MicroCAFS. (Super-O-Lube by Parker).

Nonobservance can lead to agglutination due to chemical reaction of the improper lubricant with the foaming agent. Consequently, moving parts could become immobile and operation may be effected negatively.

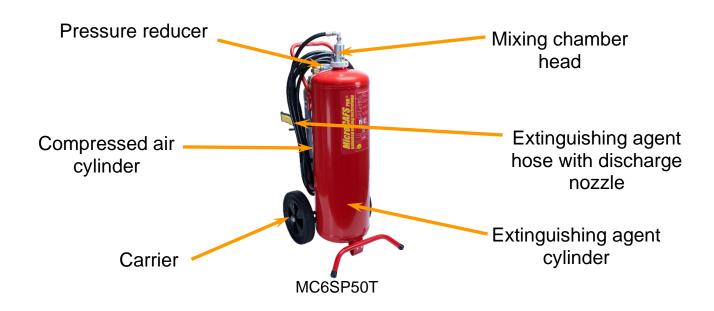


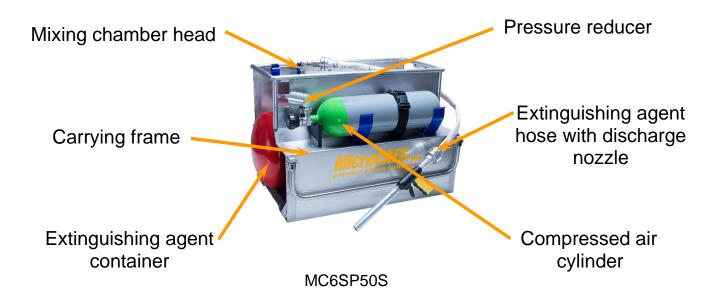
Device Description + Operation:











- 1. remove nozzle with hose
- 2. open valve of compressed air cylinder by turning hand wheel
- 3. direct nozzle towards fire and pull the trigger
- 4. switch foam quality from wet to dry for mob up



Charging the Device:

To guarantee smooth operation and right function and to avoid damage and unjuries always take care to proceed in following sequence:

- Close the compressed air cylinder valve.
- Release the remaining pressure in the extinguishing agent cylinder with the discharge horn.
- Open M 74 x 2 screw connection.
- Remove the fixing of the compressed air cylinder.
- Remove pressure reducer from the compressed air cylinder and take it out.
- Only instructed people may charge the compressed air cylinder with compacted breathing air.
- Lift of mixing chamber, do not bend dip tube.
- Charge cylinder with water and additives, observe charging amounts according to page 2 4 of this users manual.
- Insert compressed air cylinder in mounting and secure.
- Replace mixing chamber with dip tube and close M 74 x 2 screw hand-tigh, max. torque 40Nm.
- Close the knurling nut on the compressed air cylinder hand-tight, max. torque 40Nm.
- Secure the hand wheel of the compressed air cylinder to the metal body of the valve, make a mark with sealing wax or fixing varnish, or attach an appropriate paper seal so that it can be seen whether the hand wheel has been moved on visual inspection.
- Set bolt to "wet" and fix with appropriate seal so that the bolt is always in this position on start of operation. This facilitates checking operation readiness.

To guarantee easy moving of screw connection M 74 x 2 provide lubrification whenever necessary, but avoid lubricants in vessel.



Maintenance Instructions:

The device is to be inspected by competent personnel every two years. The Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU (PED) and existing relevant national regulations are to be observed. The following visual inspections, in particular, are to be performed. Check:

- Extinguishing agent cylinder for corrosion inside and out.
- Compressed air cylinder with valve for damage.
- Rupture disk for dirt and damage.
- Screw thread and screw of the high-pressure hose and the union nut on the mixing chamber and on the extinguishing agent cylinder.
- High-pressure hose and low-pressure hose, as well as the discharge horn, for damage.

Replace damaged parts.

Carry out regular inspections of the compressed air cylinder according to the Transportable Pressure Equipment Directive 2010/35/EC (TPED).

Authorised personnel are those who have received training from the manufacturer or his responsibles and who have been awarded corresponding certification from the manufacturer.

Authorised personnel will receive separate detailed maintenance instructions from the manufacturer.

Authorised personnel may only carry out maintenance and repair work.

The manufacturer or dealer will answer any related questions.

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